(From Our Regular Correspondent.) WACKINGTON, January St. - To-day Sonaconferring with the Demothat body; and at the ntors Sherman and Wolcott many of the leaders of the A message from the President in relation to the vacancy created by the death of the Secretary of the Treasury was laid be-fore the Senate, read, and referred to the Committee on Finance. Mr. Edmunds gave notice of an amendment to the diplomatic appropriation bill to enable the President to make engagelatitude allowed.

PENSION BILLS.

COMMUNICATION WITH HAWAIL.

expended in any one year.

Adjourned until 2 P. M. Monday.

House of Representatives.

OUR DIPLOMATIC SERVICE.

Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, eulogized the diplomatic and consular service of this country, contending that it was the cheapest and most effective in the world. It was pleasing to him to be able to state

RECIPROCITY. Touching briefly on the subject of rec

ME. WINDOM'S FUNERAL.

THE LATE MR. WATSON.

THE VACANCY IN THE TREASURY.

Houses of Congress on the Subject.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

THE DECENCIES OF LIFE.

ed to and went over.

the wisdom of reach ecment, and it is safe than twenty of the Re-

ed to the city to-day tation with Mr. Gor-tated that but for the

to-day that he was

ife after the 4th o

ublicans are boomir

Virginia: I. E. Talley

epresentatives in the II.

He said that they infrom that State to vote ge bill and against the

Houses of Congress on the Subject.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Washington, D. C., January 31.—The president to-day sent to the Senate and House the following message in regard to the vacancy in the Treasury:

The sudden death of Hon. William Window, Secretary of the Treasury, in New York on the evening of the 20th instant, has directed my attention to the present and Congress for his public resolution was agreed to, formal, Sherman, Allison, iris, Payne, and Gorman and the secretary of the Attorney-General, from the conjugation of the Secretary of the Conjugation of the Secretary o resolution for the appoint

REES AN EXPLANATION.

he agreement, and the that all other Repub-

been paid to the dead.

THE DECENCIES OF LIFE.

If the proprieties of an occasion as sad as that which now overshadows us are observed, possibly one half of the brief time allowed is gone before with due regard to the decencies of life the President and those with whom he should advise can take up the consideration of the greatest departments of the Government. Hasty action by the Senate is also necessarily involved and geographical limitations are practically imposed by the necessity of selecting some one who can reach the capital and take the necessary oath of office before the expiration of the ten days. It may be a very proper restriction of the power of the President in his conviction that he shall not designate for any great length of time a person to discharge the important duties who has not been confirmed by the Senate, but there would seem to be no reason why one of the assistant secretaries of the department wherein the vacancy exists might not discharge the duties of a secretary until a successor is selected, confirmed, and qualified. The inconvenience of this limitation was made apparent at the time of the death of Secretary Folger. President Arthur in that case allowed one of the assistant secretaries, who had been designated to act in the absence of the Secretary in order to secure the consideration that he needed in filling this important place.

A MODIFICATION RECOMMENDED.

I recommend such a modification of the existing laws as will permit the first or the further term of ten days and then made a temporary a pointment as secretary in order to secure the consideration that he needed in filling this important place.

I recommend such a modification of the existing laws as will permit the first or the further term of ten days and then made a temporary a pointment as secretary in order to secure the consideration that he needed in filling this important place. that he did not intend to

ow, lest he might have no s, that his opposition to had never grown out of bad never grown out of the silver question. If the silver question. If the silver question. If the silver questions bill would not the first of the silver questions bill would not the first of the silver questions bill would not the first of the silver questions bill would not the first of the silver destinated the idea that it could that he should be the first of th

appropriation bill was then the amendment of the Com-propriations, which was under thriday, to strike out the the charge to private parties Lieutenant Schwatka Dead.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Mason Citt. Iowa, January 31.—Lieutenant Schwatka, of Arctic fame, died here this morning. Yesterday while ascending a stairway of the Fark Hotel, when near the top, he fell backward over the banister to the floor beneath, breaking his nose and several ribs and causing concussion of the brain. on such basis as the Secretary of deem just and reasonable, not to per cent, of the charge for like

Power moved to amend the com-examendment by reducing the limita-from 70 per cent. to 59 per cent., and at he demanded the year and nays. amendment was rejected—year, 3 str. Cockrell, Davis, and Power); Washington, January 31.—The Secretary of the Navy to-day formally accepted the cruiser New York and ordered that she be put into commission at Philadelphia Monday.

The committee amendment was then Cred to and the bill was passed. The following bills, among other

THEGERMAN BUDGET.

COUNT VON WALDERSEE RETIRES AS CHIEF OF STAFF.

The Emperor's Temper Irritated on Milltary Questions-Alarm on Account of His Smoking Propensities.

taken from the calendar and passed: Senate bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Cumberland river for the use of the Chesapeake and Nashville railway: House bill to promote the construction of a safe deep-water harbor on the coast of Texas at Corpus Christi and Padre Island (with amendments): Senate joint resolution for the use of the appropriation in the last river and harbor bill relating to Apalachicola river in Florida—to the amount of \$5.00 for Lee's slough; conference report on the bill to amend the interstate commerce act of 1887 so as to allow the taking of the depositions of witnesses before notaries public.

Mr. Quay presented the resolutions of the Pennsylvania Legislature in favor of the Federal elections bill, which were read and laid on the table. [Copyrighted, 1891, by the New York Associated Press.] BERLIN, January 31 .- The resignation of the Count von Waldersee from his position as chief of the general staff is not associated, as was reported, with his appoint-The fortifications appropriation bill was then taken up, but it was laid aside informally and pension bills on the calendar were proceeded with. There were one hundred and ten bills passed, among them bills giving pensions of \$50 a month to the widows of General Buell. General Stark-weather, Major Gordon, of the Fifth cavalry; General Pelouse, Lieutenant-Colonel Lee, Brigadier-General Abraham Duryee, and General Edward F. Noves; also, the House bill granting a pension of \$100 a month to General Franz Sigel. The bill to pension Mary Anne Dougherty was objected to and went over. ment as commander of the Ninth army corps, which was made vacant by the withdrawal of General Leczynski. Like the latter, Von Waldersee retires from his position as chief of staff through his inability to agree with through his inability to agree with the Emperor. Members of the court and official sircles are past being surprised at anything that may happen in the Em-peror's administration. General Leczyn-ski six months ago was the favorite of the Emperor. He was almost appointed Minister of War. He was openly spoken of by the Emperor as among the most able of the German generals, Leczynskia short time ago dined with Prince Bismarck.

WITH STUDIOUS COLDNESS. The next time he had to attend the Emperor was upon the occasion of his Majesty's recent visit to Cuxhaven. He was then treated with studious coldness, the Emperor affecting to be exclusively occupied with the attentions of the Hamburg officials, and accordingly the General only received the curtest necessary notice. The causes of Von Waldersee's retirement are the repeated differences with the Emperor and Chancellor von Caprivi in regard to army questions. His unflinching adhesion to the set of the ex-Curt-Chaplain Stocker has, however, irritated the imperial temper more than any military dispute. Von Waldersee was present Thursday at the annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, in which Stocker is a shining light. Besides these changes Minister Maybach has offered his resignation to the Emperor, but the imperial acceptance has been delayed. The next time he had to attend the Emments for telegraphic communication between the United States and the Hawai-ian Islands for a period of not less than fourteen years, and appropriating \$3,000,-000 therefor, not more than \$250,000 to be

House of Representatives.

The Military Academy appropriation bill passed without further opposition.

Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, from the Committee on Printing, reported, and the House adopted a resolution for printing 30,000 copies of the Constitution of the United States for the use of the House.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Payson, of Illinois, in the chair) on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. General Albedyll will reture from the command of the Eighth army corps April 1st after he celebrates the jubilee of his entrance into the army. Baron Meerscheidt will also retire from the command of the Guards and will be placed upon the superannuated list. The Baron's retirement is a genuine result of old age. Albedyll, however, is still fit for good work. The Emperor's restless nature, spells of irritability, and uncertain moeds are due to physical causes which make him a difficult master to serve.

this country, constant effective in the world. It was pleasing to him to be able to state that our country was enjoying such peaceful relations with fereign nations that our diplomats had time to indulge in literary pursuits, as many of them were doing. After a brief criticism of some of the details of the bill, Mr. McCreary inveighed against the treatment accorded to the Committee on Foreign Affairs by the Committee on Rules, Never before in his experience on the Committee on Foreign Affairs had that committee been refused a day for the consideration of the bills reported by it. This he attributed in part to refluctance on the part of the Committee on Rules to allow the House to pass upon the reciprocity question.

THE EARBUNDIA AFFAIR.

THE EARBUNDIA AFFAIR.

Work. The Post states that the Count von Waldersee desires to command an army to crise. The Emperor in the meantime has given to him only a chain of the order of the honzollern. His successor as the chief of staff will probably be General von Haezeler, who has the highest reputation at member of the general staff before he went to Metz to command the corps garrisoning Alsace-Lorraine. He is devoted to work and occupies the isolated distinction in the army of never taking wine and as very rarely smoking.

THE EMBRUNDIA AFFAIR.

THE SENGKING HAEIT,

Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi (referring to the Barrundia case), said that everybody must concede to the present distinguished Secretary of State the credit of promptly recalling and dismissing Minister Mizner, who, he thought, had not properly repre-sented the rights, honor, and dignity of the American flag. The Secretary of the Navy The EMDERO'S enfourage concur in the opinion that it would be better for his Majesty if he smoked less. Those in intimate contact with him find without his being really ill plain signs of a recurring nervous suffering. The court physicians have strongly advised him to cease the use of tobacco. The Emperor persists in smoking a dozen huge cigars daily.

American flag. The Secretary of the Navy had taken the same action in recalling and reprimanding the officer who had failed to protect Barrundia. He was glad to say this, because he believed that the consular and diplomatic system should never be a political system, but that the method of conducting great international questions should rise above the plane of party and attain the level of patriotism. smoking a dozen huge cigars daily.

PNEUMONIA A BESULT.

The Koch method of treatment has received some damaging criticism during the week. Professor Virchow has written to the National Zeilung denying that he has retracted the expression of his opinion that pneumonia might develop as the result of injections with the lymph. He adheres to the report he made to the Medical Society, in which he demonstrated that severe inflammatory diseases of the lungs might arise from the injections. Dr. Hanckin, the British medical delegate, partially supports Virchow. He states that his observations prove that the patients, under certain conditions, are apt to develop new tuberco-tubercles after receiving the injections of the lymph. Touching briefly on the subject of reda-procity, he quoted in terms of commenda-tion the speech delivered last night before the Boston Merchants' Association by Sir Richard I. Cartwright, the opposition lead-er of the Canadian Parliament.

After further remarks by Messrs, Chip-man of Michigan and Vandever of Cali-forms the commutators On motion of Mr. McKinley, it was or-lered that the House shall meet at 2 'clock Monday in order to enable mem-sers to attend the funeral of Secretary

SUSPEND JUDGMENT. Dr. Hutchinson, one of the most eminent Dr. Hutchinson, one of the most eminent British surgeons, reports the case of a patient who received the injections here and who seemingly improved, but who has since suffered a marked relapse. Dr. Hutchinson says that the lymph excites local inflammatory symptoms similar to those arising from the use of other known remedies when applied in the treatment of lupus. Lymph, he says, pos-Public business being suspended, the House proceeded to pay tribute to the memory of the late Lewis Watson, of Pennsylvania. After eulogistic addresses by Messrs. O'Neill. Holman, Boutelle, Herbert, Payson, Stone, Mutchler, Hall, McAdoo, Lacey, Broseius, Ray, and Maish, the House as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased adjourned. known remedies when applied in the treatment of lupus. Lymph, he says, possesses remarkable powers of rapid action. He advises the suspension of judgment on the exact value of the remedy Other physicians, including Drs. Hand, Gutman, and Professor Erlich, informed the meeting of the medical society that the microscopic examinations of the blood of twenty-eight patients who had received injections of the lpmph, disapproved of the theory that the lymph caused a formation of tubercle-bacilli in the blood, no baccilli being discovered in any case. Though the attacks upon the method of the treatment have lessened public confidence, the Congress of the Socialist Relief Societies sent an address of congratulation to Professor Koch, to which the Professor responded, saying that he specially appreciates the testimony in recognition of his work from the classes suffering most from tuberculosis, and that he hopes they will profit the most from the advantages of the new treatment. President Harrison's Message to Both

the most from the standard treatment.

The Prussian budget allots 165,000 marks for the Koch Institute. Only 20,000 marks are allotted as Professor Koch's salary as director. The other heads of the departments will receive 6,000 marks each.

A CRISIS IN ITALY. Prime-Minister Crispi Threatens to Re-

sign-His Cabinet Dissolves. (By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.)
Reme, January 31.—In a debate to-day in
the Chamber of Deputies on the spirittaxes bill M. Crispi, Prime Minister, urged the Chamber of Deputies on the spirittaxes bill M. Crispi, Frime Minister, urged
that the taxes proposed by the Government were imperatively necessary to, prevent Italy from falling again into the
servile condition she was in as regards foreign Powers in 1874. The Conservative
members of the Chamber who were in
office in 1874 protested in an uproarious
manner against the language of the Prime
Minister. Finally the present Minister of
Public Works, who was a member of the
Cabinet in 1874, left the treasury bench,
amid much enthusiasm on the part of the
Conservatives. M. Crispi was greatly agitated and became deathly pale. He tried
to explain his words, but he could not be
heard above the howls of his opponents.
The bill was finally rejected, a large majority of the members voting against it.
When the result of the vote was made
known M. Crispi announced that he would
resign. The crisis is complete. It is doubtful whether M. Crispi will be able to reconstruct the Cabinet.

DECLINED TO ACCEPT THE RESIGNATION.
ROME, January 31.—Signor Crispi at
8.20 o'clock to night proceeded to the

BECLINED TO ACCEPT THE RESIGNATION.
ROME, January 31.—Signor Crispi at
8:30 o'clock to-night proceeded to the
Quirinal Palace to place his resignation in
the hands of King Humbert. King Humbert received Crispi, but declined to accept his resignation until he had further
considered the situation.

Meissonier Dead.

(By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.)

Paris, January 31.—Meissonier the painter died in this city to-day. He was born in Lyons in 1812.

Jean Louis Ernest Meissonier studied his art in Paris under Loon Coquiet, exhibited in 1836 his "Little Messenger," and soon acquired a reputation as a painter of miniature subjects of exquisite finish and delicacy. Among his best known pictures are "The Chess Players," "The Reader," "A Game of Fiquet," and "The Skittle Players." Among his larger pictures are "A Charge of Cavalry "(1897), which was sold for 180,000 frames (23,000), and is in a private gallery in Cincinnati, and "The Emperor at Solferino" (1834). He made designs for Balzac's Comedia Aumaine, "Paul and Virginia," and other works. His pictures bring great prices and there are several of them in the United States.

Eyraud's Head to Go.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

Paris, January 32.—The Figure to-day announces that the Committee of Pardons has decided against commutation of the sentence of death passed upon Michael Eyraud, the murderer of M. Gouffe. This is in direct contradiction of the statement made Thursday last by the Rappel, of this city, which paper stated that the committee had decided in favor of commuting Eyraud's sentence to imprisonment for life. Eyraud's Head to Go.

Bradlaugh's Simple Funeral.

[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, January 31.—The funeral of Charles Bradlaugh will take place on Tuesday. There will be no addresses, no ceremonies, and the guests who have been invited to attend the funeral have been asked not to wear any mourning.

The Scotch Strike Compromised,
[By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch;
GLLSGOW, January 31.—The officials
the Caledonia Haliroad Company to-dereceived a deputation from the striker

After considerable discussion the company agreed to reinstate as many of the men as possible, to abandon the prosecutions which had begun against certain of the strikers for leaving their work without warning, and to consider the grievance of which the men complained. The terms offered by the company were accepted by the deputation and all the men will resume their long-neglected duties on Monday.

FEATHERED PROGNOSTICATORS.

Cold Winters.

Weather prognosticators are remarking just now, "I told you so," with much complaisance, and in the little country Weather prognosticators are remarking just now, "I told you so," with much complaisance, and in the little country the villages they are men of importance, says the New York Times, referring to the Christmas snow-storm. That there would be some heavy snow this winter was long ago apparent to those who make a study of bird life. A number of the large of the says of the new years as long island are rare birds at best, and only come down as far as Long Island when there is snow or likely to be snow. The absence of robins also a pretty good sign of coming cold blasts. Most people have an idea that in this section the robins do not remain in the winter, but the fact is that large numbers of them never go further south than the cedar woods of New Jersey. Usually in winter they gather in the swamps and evergreen woods, where they are in a great measure protects of from the evergreen trees furnish food. Hunters looking for big game in the berries on the evergreen trees furnish food. Hunters looking for big game in the their houses of the measure protects of from the chilling winds and where the berries on the evergreen trees furnish food. Hunters looking for big game in the street one upon the red-breasts. They find them bunched up in the thick tree-tops, evidently as warm as they would be in a feather bed. In these places they remain all winter, and on the first mild days come out into the open fields to feed on fresher material than the berries and nuts of the deep woods.

It is probable that quite a number of blue birds, one of the first of the spring in comers, also remain in the deep woods.

It is probable that quite a number of blue birds, one of the first of the spring in the proposed to the read the building. When the proposed of a tillery and fusileers, promptly surrounded and laid siege to the Hotel de Ville.

When that to be a revolution against the authority of the Government. Three regiments of infantry openly revolted to day. The remains loyal to the Government. The remains loyal to the Government. The ap blue birds, one of the first of the spring comers, also remain in the deep woods all winter. This season, however, it has been noticed that the robins are not found in these places, and evidently have all pretty much gone further south, instinct having sent them to warmer climes. Indeed, all the observations of bird life have pointed to a cold and stormy winter. A big fall of snow will not have any bad effect upon the game birds that remain in this section all winter, provided it does not crust over and

game birds that remain in this section all winter, provided it does not crust over and catch the quail napping. Sometimes whole bevies of quail have been destroyed in this manner. The question of food is not so important, as a bird can live a long time upon the accumulations of the fall's feeding and go for long periods without eating. Forty days' fast to a quail would probably not be much of a hardship. When it was ended, however, he might be a sick-looking bird.

Blue jays also remain here all winter and seem to enjoy it. Owls and hawks also remain the season through in New Jersey and sweep over the snow-covered meadows and woods in search of prey. It is in such times that the red-shouldered hawk, the common species of this locality, becomes very bold and does not hesitate to come up to the barn and keep a close eye on the chicken-house. When put to it for food he will not hesitate to devour dead animals, a thing that a genteel hawk would never think of doing in summer. The little snow-birds, as they are popularly known, are also here, and they never come without the snow. Their food is a bud or bite of grain and almost anything that they can pick up. The weeds that stick up above the snow furnish many a meal to them.

The number of killed and wounded on both sides, including civilians, is variously estimated at from twenty to fifty. Seven

A Timely Warning. (Judge.)

Cumso (running in excitedly): Haven't you a balance at the 'steenth National. Fangle: Yes. What's the matter?

Cumso: Draw it out right away!

Fangle: What's up?
Cumso: I heard the cashier promise a young lady to attend a charity bazaar tonight?

Brooklyn Life. "You seem to be a logician," remarked 1 ou seem to se a logician," remarked the artist's friend as the painter finished a dog's tail in his new picture. "Why so?" "You are evidently able to draw a con-clusion.

Our Jury System. Puck.

"I don't see how you could sit on that jury as you did and not find McCain guilty!"
"Oh, he was insane."
"Well, there's no doubt about his being tried by a jury of his peers!"

Society and Societies. Mr. Coenties (to visiting friend): That gentleman yonder is one of our most prominent society leaders.

Mr. Dearborn: Indeed—and what is his society for the prevention of?

A Chance for Him. Beggar: Can you help me, sir? I've eaten nothing for two days.

Simeral: "Make your fast thirty-eight days longer and you can draw a big salary treak"

Suffering in the Orchestra. [Puck.] Cornet: Hello, Fiddle! How do you

do? Fiddle: Rather played. And you? Cornet: Pretty badly blown. Blow Out His Brains

Blew Out His Brains.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

Charleston, S. C., January 31.—Dr. John
H. Hormer, of Prosperity, while in a state
of mental aberration, blew out his brains
to-day with a pistol. Last Wednesday he
made an attempt to end his life by taking
strychnine, but he was saved.

[For the Dispatch.] Emblems of Friendship.

"An emblem typical of friendship give Of all beneath the sky, From out the floral kingdom rich?"

But what select shall I?

Sure, 'tis the fragrant rose must be the choice:
That spreads its petals wide
That, underneath from out of sight, the

thorns
Upon the stem may hide;
And is it not the office of a friend
Our defects to conceal, our faults defend?

But not the rose choose I, for that is gone
When winter's storms have come, and
chill the air.
And at the touch of frost it leaves the when most it needs it—bare.

Upon the daisy or the violet Open the daily of the votet.
The shoice it seems might fail;
They bloom in spots forlorn and desolate
Of other blooms, and all
Their beauty where 'tis needed most they give: But them reject; too soon they cease

And friendship's type must not such flow-However much they shed
Their cheer and beauty round them for awhile,
As those which soon are dead.

The Edleweis and cedar then their claims, Might to our choic e commend;
As representatives of traits that should
Distinguish most a friend.
One flourishes amidst the frosts and

snows,
The other in perennial greenness grows. Yet one the burning plain forsakes and thrives
Within one clime alone;
The one congenial to all lands must yet
On favored spots be grown.

So I this lichen and the fadeless moss Select to typify
The character of friendship, for they grow
Beneath all kinds of sky.
It matters not to them if dark or fair;
If cold the clime or hot as simoons are.

No place so lowly, so repulsive, or No place so rough or bare, But they with velvet fingers' downy touch Conceal the blemish there. That is true friendship which remains the

In every kind of weather;
Will in adversity's and sorrow's storms
Be true, as when together
It walked with us through Pleasure's aisles,
And basked with us 'neath Fortunes's

That which no altered circumstance And is beyond the range
Of Pleasure's summer, Trouble's chill and
blight,
Nor notes the seasons change.

True friendship 'tis that will from censure shield
And lovingly reprove;
Will interpose itself when powerless
A blemish to remove,
And, like the mosses, pity for us feel,
And kindly strive our defects to conceal. Harris M. Gussoss.
Bonnie Brook, near Cassville, Ga.

FOR A REPUBLIC.

A RATHER RIDICULOUS REVOLT IN PORTUGAL.

Is Put Down with Promptitude-The Loss of Life Slight-Other European News

(By telegraph to the Duspatch.) OPORTO, January 31 .- A tremendous sen turn out to be a revolution against the authority of the Government. Three regi-

When that building was well surrounded the artillery opened fire upon it, and soon caused bricks to fly about the heads of the insurgents who defended the building. The bombardment was followed by a combined, well-led, and eleverly-directed infantry attack upon the insurgents' fortress. The result was that atter a feeble resistance the insurgents surrendered unconditionally.

THE LOSSES SLIGHT. THE LOSSES SLIGHT.

The loss on both sides, so far as known, was slight. The insurgents will be tried by court-martial and in all probability the ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Insurgents to the number of four hundred assembled at 40 clock in the morning and with much cheering paraded through the principal streets. They made an attempt to seize the prefecture of police and the Central telegraph office. Their plans, however, were frustrated by the municipal guard, who made repeated charges on the insurgents and succeeded in repelling their attacks. Meanwhile the civil Governor transferred

THE RILLED AND WOODER.

The number of killed and wounded on both sides, including civilians, is variously estimated at from twenty to fifty. Seven of the robels escaped, but surrandered the robels escaped, but surrandered an isolated oranges subsequent. of the rebels escaped, but surrendered later. The municipal guards subsequently occupied the hotel and at once hauled down the flag of the Republican Club, which the rebels had hoisted on the building. Six or seven officers of an inferior grade took part in the revolt, which was of a distinctly republican enaracter. It is alleged that the civilian leader in the revolt was a lawyer named Alves Veiga. By 3 o'clock in the afternoon the revolt had been entirely suppressed, but the department has been declared in a state of siege. General Scarnichia has arrived in Oporto.

THE AMERICAN WORLD'S FAIR. What Bartholdi Has to Say About the Time for Opening.

[By Angle-American cable to the Dispatch.] (By Angle-American cable to the Dispatch.)
Paris, January 31.—Referring to the delay in constructing the buildings for the
World's Fair in Chicago, Eartholdi the
artist said that the time before the opening
of the fair was so short that he had abandoned his intention to offer an exhibit.
An artist, he said, cannot work under
pressure. There is much that is really injurious in the progress of fine arts in
the United States in the favorite American
passion to do things quickly. The great
international fair should grow slowly and

changed over, and it now pays good interest in the United States in the favorite American passion to do things quickly. The great international fair should grow slowly and carefully if it is to be a grand artistic success. To the rapidity with which the preparations for the exhibition of 1893 must be made must be credited the weakest side of the undertaking—namely, the danger of being crude.

Bertholdi is at present engaged in the finishing touches upon the group, heroic in size, which is to be presented by Joseph Pulitzer, the proprietor of the New York World, to the city of Paris. The group represents Washington and Lafayette grasping hands, General Lafayette holding in his disengaged liand entwined the banners of France and of the United States. The group will be cast in bronze and will be erected on the site, it is thought, will be either in the open space behind the new Opera-Honse or on the Place Des Etats Unis.

HIS INVAHIABLE REPLY.

Parnell's prolongation of the Irish imbrogho is keeping John Munroe, the American banker of Paris, in hot water. Munroe is continually being questioned in connection with the Irish funds in his bank, rection with the Irish funds in his bank, rection with the Irish funds in his bank, rection with the Irish funds in his bank.

The group will be a grand artistic sue the fundamental properties and the new york in the country, as there is only \$1,000,000 now issued. It is believed by the directors that this will be one of the best-paying institutions in the country, as there is now no experimenting to do; and it is believed that the greatest properties and will be furnished to be presented to increase the price without notice.

Shares cost \$100, par value \$1000.

South of the entry of the Alley of the enterprise and wish to invest may send checks to order of the enterprise and wish to invest may send checks to order of the enterprise and wish to invest may send checks to order of the enterprise and wish to invest may send checks to order of the enterprise and wish to invest may

Parnell's prolongation of the Irish imbrogho is keeping John Munroe, the American banker of Paris, in hot water. Munroe is continually being questioned in connection with the Irish funds in his bank. He says: "Money is being deposited in the names of individuals. I am supposed to know nothing of the political bearings of the question involved. This is my invariable reply."

Parnell's Own Views About I:. Paraell's Own Views About It.

(By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.)

DUBLIN, January 31.—Parnell met with a continuous ovation while on route to Ennis. He made a number of brief speeches in which he expressed his belief that good would yet come of the split which had occurred in the ranks of the Irish party. He also said that Ireland's prospects had improved.

Employ Union Crews. London, January 31.—The Wilson-Hill Steamship Company has seceded from the Shipping Federation and has agreed to hereafter employ union crews.

Stanley Dined by the New York Press Club.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

New York, January 31.—A complimentary dinner was tendered to Henry M. Stanley by the Press Club at Delmonico's to-night. Colonel John A. Cockerell presided. The toast "Our Guest" was responded to by Mr. Stanley; "The Press," by Murat Halstead; "Why We Live in New York City," by Chauncey M. Depew; "The Press as Seen from the Pulpit," by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage; "The Future of American Literature," by Richard W. Gilder; "The Development of American Art." by J. Q. A. Ward; "New York and Its Law-Makers," by Hon. W. F. Sheehan; Speaker of the Assembly.

The Montana Legislature HELENA, MON., January 31.—The Legis-lature adjourned till Tuesday in respect to the memory of the late Speaker, A. C. Witter, who died at Dillon this morning.

A ROMANCE TOLD IN PICTURES. Titles of the Boudin Drawings by W. M Thackeray in " Harper's Magazine."

No. 1.—Boudin, a fisherman of Boulogne, with three of his compatriots, takes the Conqueror, an English frigate of thirty-six guns. He kills with his own hand the captain, Sir Guppage, three lieutenants, eighty-three sailors, soldiers, etc. 13 Vendemiaire, year 5. demiaire, year 5, No. 2.—The illustrious Boudin presents himself before the Directorre; he is award-ed a civic crown and twenty sols as a re-

ed a civic crown and twenty sols as a recompense.

No. 3.—In this grand composition we may see how Boudin attacks the English fleet. Thirty-three ships of the line fall beneath his irresistible onslaught, but, clast we must yield to fate: the thirty-four h vessel, with Lord Nelson on board, falls upon Boudin, destroys, and burns his ship: all the crew is massacred with the exception of Boudin himself.

Note.—You cannot see the battle on account of the great smoke from the cannons, the guns, the pistols, the bombs, etc.

No. 4—Covered with wounds, weighed down with chains, Boudin presents himself before Milord. The conqueror trembies before the conquered.

No. 5.—In the horrible dungeons of Portsmoot, where so many Frenchmen have already perished, Boudin expiates his fatal valor. He is allowed only half a pint of water and one penirole a week.

No. 6.—Miss Fanny, the dungter of the

accompanied by his edored wife, hastens to Paris. Chaste and legitimate embraces enliven the tedium of the road.

No. 9.—Immediately on their arrival the gallant seaman hastens to the court of his Majesty the Emperor and King. Beautified by Parisian art, one could not recognize in the dazzling Fanny the insignificant little Miss of Portsmoot.

"S—B—30.000 T—de D—," say the ruie grenadiers, "Theyoung islander is pretty."

the rude grenadiers. "The young islander is pretty."
No. 16.—His Majesty the Emperor and King is delighted to see his fathful Boudin once more, and pulls his right ear. "Arch-Chancellor" says he, "bring my G-r-r-rand Cross for my Arch-Admiral." His Highness the Prince of Benevent brings the bauble in question.
No. 11.—The ladies of the court can scarce contain their envy as they observe the celestial beauty of the bride of Boudin, who, bending low, salutes the lovely hands of her Majesty the Empress and Queen.

Queen. Notz.—Mr. Alfred D'Orsay is page in wait-No. 12 .- Boudin! Waterloo!



gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the sys-tem effectually, dispels colds, head-Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most its action and truly beneficial in its
effects, prepared only from the most
healthy and agreeable substances, its
many excellent qualities commend it
to all and have made it the most
popular remedy known.

18,750 of unisted stock.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Exeming.—Exchange quiet and steady at 485 has 160. Commercial bills. Statistic. Money easy;
no lossu, closing offered at 3. Sub-Treation of the control of the popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who specified the street of the street being a street being it on head will not carolina Browns. may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

An Investment Which May Pay _15 OR 20 PER CENT.

On the Present Price.

The stock of the National Gas Investment Company, to a limited amount, will be sold at \$35 per share, the par value being \$100. This mpany controls the Allen-Harris system of water-gas and the Sutherland process of oil-gas. Also, the only portable gas-machine for private 25c, PER 1,000 FEET. General agents are now being appointed in the different States for these machines, and this along should be divided upon the capital stock.

In addition to this the purpose of the company is to purchase coal-gas works and change them over to the above systems. This can be dene in from fifteen to intry days, and in nearly the company of the capital systems.

upon five times its cost, making five dollars for every dollar invested.

MONEY, MONEY! M ONEY, MONEY, 1,000 \$2,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 on term years on city property. The above amount will be loaned in sums to suit.

fo 1-2t 5 and 7 Eleventh street.

FINANCIAL, We have 6 PER CENT. MONEY in sums to suit to loan on city real estate.

DENOON, TUPPER & CO., 161-21 Main street.

\$300 WORTH OF STOCK, PAYA-LOT in cast Richmond. Address DAVID W. REINHART. Secretary and Treasurer, 901 east Main street. INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

THE PERPETUAL INVESTMENT, CONSTRUCTION AND DEPOSIT COMPANY, 901 cast Main street, PAYS5 PER CENT. interest on deposits of \$1 or more. ja 29-1w TO INVESTORS.

FOR SALE.
CITY of RICHMOND 6 and 8 PER CENT.
BONDS at a price, paying the investor 4% PER
CENT. and upwards.
OTHER BONDS and STOCKS BOUGHT and
SOLD on COMMISSION. SOLD on COMMISSION.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE.
DAVENPORT & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers, 1113 Main street John L. Williams & Son, BANKERS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

INVESTMENT BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD. MUNICIPAL AND RAILROAD CORPORATIONS. BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND LETTERS OF CREDIT

HIGH GRADE

Issued on all the principal Cities of EUROPE, and on ASIA, AFRICA and SOUTH AMERICA. slative and marginal accounts are not desired.

Our MANUAL OF INVESTMENTS, the largest work of the THOMAS BRANCH & CO.,

We offer for sale \$250,000 CITY OF RICHMOND

PER CENT. BONDS at 100 and accrued interest.

we will sell them for cash, or will take in payment of No. 5.—In the horrible dungeons of Portsmoot, where so many Frenchmen have already perished, Boudin explates his fatal valor. He is allowed only half a pint of water and one penirole a week.

No. 6.—Miss Fanny, the daughter of the Governor, comes to cousole him.

No. 7.—Tender and romantic scene. Boudin and his fathful Fanny escape in a seventifore.

No. 8.—Having landed at Calais, Boudin, No. 8.—Having landed at Calais, Boudin.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

REPORTS FROM ALL GREAT BUSINESS CENTRES OF THE WORLD.

Tobacco, Cotton, &c., and in Connection Therewith the Wes-

ther Indications. (By telegraph to the Dispate Washington, January 31.—Fore-cast for Virginia: Threatening

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET. New York, January St.—The stock market to-day was dull throughout and rather heavy. The bears, in expectation that there would be a poor bank statement, tested the list in several points, but their efforts disclosed the fact that there ere some large buying orders in the market at close to ruling prices in many of the more prom-

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidnaya gently yet promptly on the Kidnaya stronger.

stronger.
THE CLOSE FIRM TROUGH DULL.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Missouri Pacific. Western Union Cotton-Oil Trust certificates.

cotion-Oil Trust cordineates Srunswick.
Mobile and Ohio fa.
Silver certificates (Western National Bank New York certificate issued on deposit of New York, January 31.—The cokly bank statement shows the following changes: He-serve, decrease, \$18,500; leans, increase, \$4,151,-700; specie, increase, \$100,900; legal-tenders, increase, \$1,10,800; deposits, increase, \$5,573,-400; circulation, docrease, \$57,500.

BALTIMORE STOCK MARKET. BALTIMORE, January 31.—Virginia 10-40's, 32; do. 3's, 65; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 92%; Northern Central stock, 65%; Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore 1sts, 95%; consolidated gas bonds, 113; do. stock, 47%.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE SATURDAY, January 81, 1891, one at the Stock Board; GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Asked. United States 4% 8... STATE SECURITIES. CITY SECURITIES.

RAILEOAD BONDS.

Western North Carolina 1st 6's, C., Western North Carolina 1st 6's, C., 1914

RAILEOAD STOCKS. PAR. tlanta and Charlotte 100 R. F., & Pot. div. obligation 100 BANK STOCKS. INSUBANCE COMPANIES. Virginia Fire and Marine..... 25

MISCELLANEOUS.
Old Dominion Steamship Co.100 ...
American Tobacco Company........ 99% GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. JANUARY 31, 1891. WHEAT.-1,132 bushels. Conn.-1,200 bushels.

CORN.—ALOU DEBROIS.

WHEAT.—Longberry, Stc.asl.07. Mixed, S6c.asl.08. Shortberry, Sc.asl.08.

CORN.—White, Class. Mixed, S0afic.
OATR.—White, No. 2, Slastc. Mixed, No. 2, Str. Rejected, 43atic. Winter (for seed), 62a HYE.-75880c.

RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET. RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET.

[Reported for the Dispatch.]

JANUARY 31, 1891.

Auction offerings on 'Change to-day 15 packages, and 7 taken in. Highest, \$18.75; lowest, \$4.873; average, \$12.22.

Revenue collections: Cigars and cigarettes, \$25.14.70; tobacco, \$2,181.60; special tax, \$23.58—

total, \$2,894.88.
Private Sales: Fillers, 14; emekers, 81; cut-

Private Sales: Fillers, 14; smokers, 51; custers, 2; wrappers, 19—total, 57 hogsheads,
Auction offerings on 'Change for week 254
packagess, and 80 rejections. Highest price, \$55
lowest \$1.50—average \$12.37.
Revenue collections: Cigars and cigarettes,
\$5,33.03; tobacco, \$16,742.27; special tax, \$23.28—
total, \$27,105.90. Private sales: Fillers, 241; smokers, 295; cut

Private sales: Fillers, 281; smokers, 295; cut-ters, 75; wrappers, 135; darks, 32; acrap, 32; Burley, 7-total, 8:9 nogaheads.

The loose-tobacco sales for the week averaged about \$3.23. Much of it was in high order. Large sales are probable the coming week. The quality has been very satisfactory. Prices for the week were firm on all good to high grades. Some

weakness was shown on common sorts. Manufacturers have done a very said

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH NEW YORK. NEW YORK, January II.—Cotton quiet; sales o-day, 200 bales; last evening, 57 bales; up

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE. January 31.—Cotton nominal-middling, 94c. Flour active. Wheat—Southers strong: Fults, \$1.09afl.00; Longberry, \$1.02 \$1.00; No. 2, \$1.00; atcamer No. 2, red. \$1.05; western strong; No. 2, winter red. spot, \$1.05; january, \$1.04; Nay, \$1.00afl.05; Corn—Southern firm: white, 60afl.9c.; yellow, 604,851.9c.; atcamer, 60c.; graded, No. 2, 614c.; western firmer; mixed spot, \$14c.; January, 614c.; Ana. 504,6504c.; January, 614c.; May, 504,6504c.; January, 614c.

CHICAGO, January Si., Cash quotations were: Flour firm. Winter patents, \$4.0054.89; spring patents, \$4.0054.89; bakers, \$2.75a\$3.75. No. 2 spring wheat, \$56. No. 2 cort, \$594.0056. No. 2 cort, \$594.0056. No. 2 cort, \$496. Meas-pork, \$3.80. Lard, \$5.75. Short-ribs, \$4.55a\$4.55; shoulders, \$4.54.10; short-clear, \$5.35.05. Whiskey, \$1.44. CINCINNATI.

CINCINATI. O., January 31.—Flour firmer. Wheat in good demand and stronger; No. 2 red, \$1. Corn stronger; No. 2 mixed, 55233cc. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed, 47%c. Provisions firm. Whiskey firm at \$1.14.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, January 31.—Noca.—Cotton pressed for sale: American middling, 51-15d.; sales, 6,000 bales; speculation and export. 500 bales. Receipts, 11.000 bales; American, 6,000 bales. Futures easy: February and March. 463-54a 463-54d.; March and April, 5-3-44a5-2-34d. April and May, 5-6-54d.; May and June, 5-9-54d.; June and July, 511-94d.; May and June, 5-9-54d.; June and July, 511-94d.; May and June, 5-9-54d.; June and July, 51-94d.; Sales of American, 5,000 bales: Fobruary, 4 61-54a 463-54d.; February and March. 461-544a 56-54d.; March and April, 5-1-64a, 5-9-54d.; June and July, 5-9-54a5-16-54d.; September, 5-10-54a5-16-54d.; September, 5-9-54d., sellera. Futures closed casy.

THE WORLD'S COTTON.

NEW YORK, January 31.—The total visible sup-

NEW YORK, January 31.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 2,458,138 bales, of which 2,907,436 bales are Americae, against 8,933,219 bales and 3,589,619 bales, respectively last year. Receipts at all interior towns, 100,430 bales; receipts at the plantations, 188,382 bales. Crop in sight, 6,730,339 bales. NORFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

[Reported for the Dispatch.]

JANUARY 31.—Market quiet and steady. Sales
reported at quotations. Prime, 2%c.; extra
prime, 3c.; fancy, 3%c.; Spanish, 2%a2%c.; factory hand-picked, 3a4%c. MARINE INTELLIGENCE MINIATURE ALMANAC, FEBRUARY 1, 1801.

MINIATURE ALMANAC, FRORUARY 2, 1891, PORT OF RICHMOND, JANUARY 31, 1891.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Ariel, Deyo, Norfolk, merchandise and passengers; L. R. Taium, vice-president. Steamer Goldsborof, U'Neil, Philadelphia, nerchandise and passengers; J. W. McCarrick, PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, JANUARY SI, 1891 (By Telegraph.)

Steamship Winston, London, coaled.
Steamship Thorndale, Liverpool, morchandisa Steamship Mackinaw, Norfolk, from dry-deck, Steamship Seguranca, cleared, will sail tonight for Brazil, merchandise, passengers, and mail. PORT OF WEST POINT, JANUARY 31, 1591. [By Telegraph.]

ARRIVED. Steamship Charlotte, Nickle, Baltimore, merchandise and passengers. Steamship Richmond, Jenny, New York, mer-Steamship Endymion, Newport News, to lead, SAILED

Steamship Richmond, Jenny, New York, mer-chandise.
Steamship Charlotte, Nickie, Baltimore, mer-chandise and passengers. DEATHS.

ATKINSON.—Died, at 1:15 P. M., Friday, January 30, 1891, at the residence of his pa-rents, 701 north Twenty-sixth street, AN-DREW HARRISON, youngest son of W. E. and A. W. Atkinson; aged one year and one month.
Funeral THIS (Sunday) AFTERNOON
at 3 o'clock from the above residence.

BARFOOT.—Died, at her father's rest-dence, 608 south Pine street, Friday, Janu-ary 30th, at 9 P. M., ROZELIA BARFOOT. In the seventeenth in the seventeenth year of her age. I miss thee, O, I miss thee,
Every day and hour;
All things dreary seem to me,
While clouds of sorrow lower.
I miss thee from the fireside,

Thy chair is vacant now;
Lord Jesus, still with me abide.
O, help me, help me now. But hark, I hear a whisper!
Look away from earth awhile;
Your loved one is in Heaven,
Blessed with a Saviour's smile.
We'll meet again, O happy thought! Meet never again to sever, In the bright and beautiful beyond, To live with Christ forever.

The funeral will take place from Pine-Street church TO-DAY (Sunday) at 3 o'clock. Her friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. swann.—Departed this life January 31, 1891, at 1:45 P. M., at his residence, 326 Jefferson street, RICHARD SWANN, in the sixty-fourth year of his age. Funeral will take place from the Ebenezer Baptist church MONDAY, February 2, 1891, at 3 o'clock P. M. Friends invited.

WOODY.—Died, yesterday morning at his residence, No. 2916 east Clay street, after a brief illness, THOMAS H. WOODY, in the thirtieth year of his age. The funeral will take place from St, John's Episcopal church THIS (Sunday) EVENING at 3 o'clock. Friends and ac-quaintances respectfully invited to attend.

The funeral of Mrs. MARY F. FRANCIS, widow of W. B. Francis, will take place from the City Hospital TO-DAY (Sunday) at 3:45 o'clock P. M. Friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend.

Silently over the "House of Love" Hovered the Angel of Death, Bearing the summons from above To the high priest of the Lord.

Panoplied in his armer of faith, Girded with hope divine; 'Aye, Master, I come," he saith, "Thy will be done—not mina." E'en as a swan in her dying hour Sings then her sweetest lay, So, with truths on his lips of

In eloquence passed he away.

Mayhap, with more than mortal kes. He saw that tright colostial light, Mayhap he felt—ch, who can tell?— The presence of those spirits bright,

TRINITY METHODIST EPIS

(corner Main and Sixth streets).—Roy. W. W. LANDRUM, D. D., paster, will peach as 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. SERIES OF RELIGIOUS

Upward his sainted spirit was borne, on El-ke-le-ha-nu's giorious strain Wafted to reams of eternal bliss, With joyous scraphic refrains.

Transplanted by His kindly care
To gardons of immortal bloom,
His soul shall blossom in fragrance rare,
And permeate our earthly gloom.
K. V. V.

COPAL CHURCH, SOUTH, (corner of Bread and Twentleth streets)—Rev. P. A. Phrenson, Pra-tor,—Presching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the Pastor. Wednesday night service at 8 o'clock, Sunday school at 2.13 A. M. Cordial invitation to all to attend these services. SECOND BAPTIST CHURCE

meetings will be held at Central Hall to St. James church, Pifth and Marshall at Dy Mrs. SARAH BICKNELL, beginning M. Yebruary R. 1881. It is hoped many will these meetings, which will be interesting profitable. Services in commence at 11